eichrom

Rapid Determination of 89/90Sr in Steel Samples

AN-1801-10

Strontium is separated and measured from 1-2 gram steel samples. Samples are digested Summary of Method with concentrated nitric, hydrochloric, and hydrofluoric acids. The digestate is evaporated to dryness, the residue dissolved in HNO₃/H₃BO₃, and a calcium fluoride precipitate is used to concentrate the strontium and remove matrix. An optional NaOH fusion may also be performed, post sample digestion, to dissolve concrete or stone included in the sample. Strontium is separated from matrix impurities and potentially interfering radionuclides in the sample using stacked 2 mL and 1 mL cartridges of Eichrom Sr Resin. Radiostrontium is measured on a low background gas flow proportional counter. Average chemical recovery of strontium, determined by gravimetric yield of stable strontium carrier, was 90-94%. Measured values of 90Sr agreed to within 3% of reference values for 60 minute count times. The minimum detectable activity for ⁹⁰Sr in 2 g samples with 60 minute count times was 0.56 Bg/g. A single operator can

Add 15 g NaOH.

Dilute to 100 mL.

Add 2 mL 1.25M Ca(NO₃)₂ and

prepare batches of 12 samples for the measurement of ⁹⁰Sr in less than 8 hours.

Reagents

Sr Resin, 2 mL Cartridges (Eichrom SR-R50-S) Sr Resin, 1 mL Cartridges (Eichrom SR1ML-R50-S) Nitric Acid (70%) Hydrochloric Acid (37%) Hydrofluoric Acid (49%) or Ammonium Bifluoride **Deionized Water** 1.25M Ca(NO₃)₂ Optional NaOH Fusion. Strontium Carrier (10 mg/mL) 2M AI(NO₃)₃ Fuse at 600C for 20 min. Sr-90 standard Oxalic acid Dissolve in DI water. Boric acid Transfer to 250 mL c-tube. 3.2M (NH₄)₂HPO₄* Sodium Hydroxide*

Equipment

8.5 mL 3.2 M (NH₄)₂HPO₄. Vacuum Pump Centrifuge Centrifuge. Decant Muffle Furnace* supernate. Dissolve ppt. in Hot Plate 80 mL 1.5M HCI. Analytical Balance Teflon Beakers (Zr Crucibles*) 50 mL and 250 mL Centrifuge Tubes Cupped Stainless Steel Planchets (~5 mL volume) Gas Flow Proportional Counter Vacuum Box (Eichrom AR-24-BOX or AR-12-BOX) Cartridge Reservoir, 20 mL (Eichrom AR-200-RV20) Inner Support Tubes-PE (Eichrom AR-1000-TUBE-PE) Yellow Outer Tips (Eichrom AR-1000-OT)

Figure 1. Sample Preparation

Add 1-2 g steel sample to Teflon beaker*. *If using optional fusion, omit HF/H₃BO₃ and use Zr crucible.

> Add 6 mg Sr Carrier, 5 mL 70% HNO₃, 20 mL 37% HCl, and 5 mL 49% HF. Digest on Hotplate to dryness.

Add 1 mL 70% HNO3. 10 mL 37% HCl, and 1 mL 49% HF. Digest on Hotplate to dryness.

Add 5 mL 3M HNO₃-0.25M H₃BO₃ and 5 mL 37% HCl. Digest on Hotplate to dryness.

Add 25 mL 1M HCl. Warm to dissolve. Transfer to 250 mL centrifuge tube. Repeat 2 additional times.

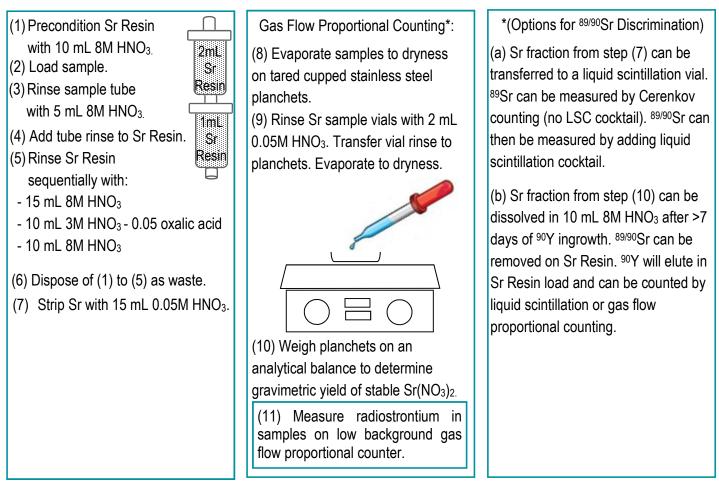
Add 2 mL 1.25M Ca(NO3)₂. Dilute to 170 mL with 0.01M HCl.

Add 25 mL 49% HF. Mix Well. Allow to sit 20 min. Centrifuge. Discard supernate.

Dissolve precipitate in 5 mL 3M HNO₃-0.25M H₃BO₃, 5 mL 8M HNO₃, 5 mL 2M Al(NO₃)₃. Mix. Warm if necessary. Centrifuge. Check for solids.

Continue to Sr Separation.

Figure 2. Strontium Separation and Measurement



*Additional discussion of ^{89/90}Sr separation and measurement options can be found in Eichrom Application Note AN-1624-10.

 Details	Sample replicates	Reference (mBq/sample)	Measured (mBq/sample)	Average % Diff.	Sr Carrier % Yield
90Sr	10	1.415	1.41 <u>+</u> 0.04	2.6	90.1 <u>+</u> 2.4
 89Sr+90Sr	8	3.816	3.97 <u>+</u> 0.09	4.1	94.1 <u>+</u> 2.8

Method Performance for 2 g Steel Samples

References

1) Sherrod L. Maxwell, Brian K. Culligan, Jay B. Hutchison, Robin. C. Utsey, Ralf Sudowe, Daniel R. McAlister, "Rapid method to determine ^{89/90}Sr in steel samples," *J. Radioanal. Nucl. Chem.*, *314(1)*, *439-450* (2017).